

**NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD**

PUMPED WELL DRAIN

(No.)
CODE 532

DEFINITION

A well sunk into an aquifer from which water is pumped to lower the prevailing water table.

An adequate outlet for the pumped drain water, considering its quantity and quality, must be available.

SCOPE

This standard applies to drilled or driven wells used for pumping ground water to lower the water table level in a given area. It does not apply to vertical drains, sometimes called drainage wells, constructed to discharge drain effluent into porous underground formations. Pumps, motors, or other appurtenances needed to pump water from the aquifers are not included.

This standard does not apply to test wells established for investigating purposes before the installation of a permanent well because they are considered temporary.

PURPOSE

To provide subsurface drainage by lowering the prevailing water table to a level that will provide minimum benefits to crop or soils by removing excess ground water and/or salts from the soil profile.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies to areas that have a high water table and are in need of subsurface drainage, where pumping from wells is feasible. This requires a permeable aquifer at a depth and of such thickness and magnitude that, when pumped, will lower the water table to the desired degree.

PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

Water Quantity

1. Effects of the cone of depression on adjacent water uses and users.
2. Downstream effects of the pumped water.

Water Quality

1. Effects of the quality of pumped water on the surrounding environment, water uses, or water users.
2. Effects of well pumping on soil and water salinity.
3. Effects of discharges of pumped water on downstream water temperatures.
4. Temporary and long-term effects on the visual quality of downstream waters.

DESIGN CRITERIA

Quantity of water. The amount of ground water to be pumped from the well or wells shall be that required to provide the desired drawdown in the area being drained.

Multiple well drains. If more than one well is used in the system, the coned of depression developed by each shall overlap to such an extent that the points of least drawdown will be at the desired level after drainage.

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| <p>Conservation practice standards are reviewed periodically, and updated if needed. To obtain the current version of this standard, contact the Natural Resources Conservation Service.</p> |
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Depth and diameter. The well depth and diameter shall be of such that the amount of water that can be drawn from the aquifer is sufficient to maintain the desired drawdown throughout the crop-growing season. Gravel envelopes may be used in conjunction with screens to serve as a filter and to increase the effective diameter of the well.

Casing. All wells shall be cased with steel, concrete, plastic, asbestos-cement, or other material of adequate strength and durability. The casing shall have a diameter that is adequate to accommodate the required pumping equipment.

Screens. All wells shall be equipped with manufactured screen sections, well points, shop-perforated metal casing sections, or field-perforated sections meeting the criteria stated below.

The screen openings for aquifer material of near uniform size shall be slightly smaller than the average diameter of the aquifer material. For graded aquifer materials (of nonuniform gradation), the screen openings shall be of such that 25 to 40 percent of the aquifer material is larger than the screen opening.

A sufficient length of screen shall be provided to maintain the entrance velocity of water into the well at an acceptable level, preferably less than 1/10 ft/s.

The position of the screen in the well shall be governed by the depth of the aquifer below the ground surface and the thickness of the aquifer to be penetrated by the well.

Quality of water. If the water from the well drain is to be used for human consumption, it shall meet all requirements of the state health department or other state agencies having jurisdiction. If the water has a high salt content or is not potable, means of disposal shall be planned and installed concurrently with the installation of the well, which will not adversely affect potable water sources and the environment.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Plans and specifications for constructing well drains shall be in keeping with this standard and shall describe the requirements for applying the practice to achieve its intended purpose.